

Annotated Bibliography

Primary

Periodicals

“Army Seizes Burma Rule.” *Chicago Tribune*, 2 Mar. 1962, p. 1. *Chicago Tribune*, archives.chicagotribune.com/1962/03/02/page/1/article/army-seizes-burma-rule. Accessed 3 Apr. 2017. I used headlines from this newspaper article on my Descent into Dictatorship page to demonstrate Ne Win’s ideology of suppression, as well as how quickly he gained absolute control.

Blair, E. A. “How a Nation Is Exploited-The British Empire in Burma.” *Le Progres Civique. The Orwell Prize*, www.theorwellprize.co.uk/the-orwell-prize/orwell/essays-and-other-works/how-a-nation-is-exploited-the-british-empire-in-burma/. Originally published in *Le Progres Civique*, no. 86, 4 May 1929. I used this primary source document on my British Colonialism page in order to display the oppressive nature of British colonial rule in Myanmar. I also used it to gather information of Myanmar’s natural resources.

“General Voids Burma’s Parliament, Constitution.” *Chicago Tribune*, 4 Mar. 1962. *Chicago Tribune Archives*, archives.chicagotribune.com/1962/03/04/page/28/article/general-voids-burmas-parliament-constitution. Accessed 3 Apr. 2017. I used this headline about Ne Win’s power grab in 1962 on the Descent into Dictatorship page, in order to show how he destroyed the democracy that Aung San fought for so quickly.

Von der Mehden, Fred R. “The Burmese Way to Socialism.” *Asian Survey*, vol. 3, no. 3, 1963, pp. 129–135. www.jstor.org/stable/3023620. I used this journal article examining socialism in Burma on my Descent into Dictatorship page to give a deeper insight into Ne Win’s policies.

Nonperiodicals

Aris, Michael. “Introduction.” 1991. *Freedom From Fear*, edited by Aris, England, Penguin Books, 1991. I used this introduction by Michael Aris on my Early Life page to show how her father inspired her.

“From the Rangoon ‘The New Light of Myanmar.’” *Burma Library*, Nov. 1996, www.ibiblio.org/obl/docs3/BPS96-11.pdf. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this press release from Burma’s state-run media on the arrests page to demonstrate how the junta attempted to demean Suu Kyi.

“From the Rangoon ‘The New Light of Myanmar.’” *Burma Library*, July 1996, www.ibiblio.org/obl/docs3/BPS96-11.pdf. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this press release from Burma’s state-run media on the arrests page to demonstrate how the junta attempted to demean Suu Kyi by tying her to the west.

Kyi, Aung San Suu. "Open Letter to the United Nations Commission on Human Rights." 1989. *Freedom from Fear*, edited by Michael Aris, England, Penguin Books, 1991, pp. 222-24. I used this letter to the United Nations by Aung San Suu Kyi on the 8888 Uprising page to demonstrate the National League for Democracy's mission to transform Myanmar.

Kyi, Aung San Suu. "Freedom from Fear." 1990. *Freedom from Fear*, edited by Michael Aris, England, Penguin Books, 1991, pp. 180-85. I used this essay by Aung San Suu Kyi on my Descent into Dictatorship page to show Aung San Suu Kyi's thoughts on the authoritarian dictatorship of Ne Win.

Kyi, Aung San Suu. "My Father." 1984. *Freedom From Fear*, edited by Michael Aris, England, Penguin, 1991, pp. 4-37. I used this narrative about Aung San on my British Colonialism page, to display his commitment to the revolutionary movement.

---. "Speech to a Mass Rally at the Shwedagon Pagoda." 1988. *Freedom From Fear*, edited by Michael Aris, England, Penguin Books, 1991, pp. 198-204. I used this speech by Aung San Suu Kyi on the 8888 Uprising page to demonstrate how quickly she mobilized the Burmese people in favor of democracy.

"The Nobel Peace Prize 1991." *Nobel Prize*, 14 Oct. 1991, www.nobelprize.org/nobel_prizes/peace/laureates/1991/press.html. Accessed 4 Apr. 2017. I used this press release by the Nobel Committee in 1991 on the Arrests page to demonstrate the increased international attention Aung San Suu Kyi received for her struggle.

Orwell, George. *Burmese Days*. 1934. *Adelaide University*, ebooks.adelaide.edu.au/o/orwell/george/o79b/. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this book by renowned author George Orwell that mocked British involvement in Burma on the British Colonialism page, to demonstrate how British colonialists seriously embraced the "White Man's Burden."

Popham, Peter. *The Lady and the Peacock*. New York, Experiment, 2011. I used this book about Aung San Suu Kyi on the Legacy page to demonstrate Aung San Suu Kyi's impact, not just in Burma, but globally.

"Remarks by President Obama and State Counselor Aung San Suu Kyi of Burma." *President Obama White House*, 14 Sept. 2016, obamawhitehouse.archives.gov/the-press-office/2016/09/14/remarks-president-obama-and-state-counselor-aung-san-suu-kyi-burma. Accessed 4 Apr. 2017. I used this press release by the Obama White House on the Legacy page to demonstrate Aung San Suu Kyi's role in helping Burma recover.

Spearman, Horace Ralph. *The British Burma Gazetteer*. 1880. *Google Books*, books.google.com/books?id=9207AQAIAAJ&printsec=frontcover&dq=burma+british

&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwj84DurfXTAhVnj1QKH8OmAbcQ6AEIKTAB#v=onepage&q=burma%20british&f=false. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this book from the 1880s by a British author about Burma on the British Colonialism page for a firsthand account of how the British politically oppressed the Burmese people.

Audiovisual

All Things Considered. National Public Radio, 14 Sept. 2016. *NPR*, www.npr.org/2016/09/14/493965906/u-s-to-lift-economic-sanctions-against-myanmar. Accessed 5 Apr. 2017. I used this radio program examining Obama's relationship with Aung San Suu Kyi on the Legacy page, to demonstrate how quickly Myanmar is reforming.

Aung San. *CBC*, 9 Nov. 2015, i.cbc.ca/1.3310695.1447094920!/fileImage/httpImage/image.jpg_gen/derivatives/original_620/aung-san.jpg. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this image of Aung San on the British Colonialism page to demonstrate how integral he was to the Burmese independence movement.

Aung San. *Irrawaddy*, 18 July 2013, www.irrawaddy.com/wp-content/uploads/2013/07/9.-Who-Killed.jpg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image of Aung San on my Descent into Dictatorship page to demonstrate how he was a beacon of hope for the Burmese people.

Aung San and Clement Atlee. *Oxford Burma Alliance*, www.oxfordburmaalliance.org/uploads/9/1/8/4/9184764/7332851_orig.jpg?405. Accessed 3 Apr. 2017. I used this photo of Aung San with other leaders on the Descent into Dictatorship page to demonstrate how promising the new republic of Burma was before Ne Win took control.

Aung San Suu Kyi. *BBC*, 6 Dec. 2016, ichef.bbci.co.uk/news/660/cpsprodpb/C942/production/_85422515_hi028870332.jpg. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi on the Home page, to demonstrate what a prominent political activist she is today.

Aung San Suu Kyi. *BBC*, 23 9 2013, ichef-1.bbci.co.uk/news/660/media/images/63017000/jpg/_63017616_img_3391.jpg. Accessed 1 Apr. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi on my Home page, to convey the hope that she brings to the Burmese people.

Aung San Suu Kyi. *CTGN America*, america.cgtn.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/smMyanmar-Suu-Kyi-s-Sil_Murp-800x500.jpg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi on my Home, Historical Context, Early Life, and Legacy pages, to visually show what Aung San Suu Kyi looks like.

“Aung San Suu Kyi.” *NLD Angoya Blogspot*,
1.bp.blogspot.com/-iPb-PdW0AxY/TVp2Qkn-4wI/AAAAAAAAAETw/H2B_H_5exbY/s1600/burma_1792664c.jpg. Accessed 7 Feb. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi on my Arrests page, to detail what her life was in the oppressive conditions put into place by Myanmar’s Authoritarian Dictatorship.

Aung San Suu Kyi Addressing a Pro-Democracy Rally in Yangon. Washington Post, 8 Aug. 2013,
img.washingtonpost.com/wp-apps/imrs.php?src=https://img.washingtonpost.com/blogs/worldviews/files/2013/08/107832397.jpg&w=148. Accessed 2 Apr. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Sann Suu Kyi speaking to a crowd on my 8888 Uprising page to demonstrate Aung San Suu Kyi’s prominent role in the uprising.

Aung San Suu Kyi and her family in 1947. *Aung San Suu Kyi: A Woman in Politics*, 27 Oct. 2013,
img.over-blog-kiwi.com/0/81/90/77/201311/ob_acbc6a_aung-san-and-family-jpg.jpeg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi as a young child on my Early Life page in order show her revolutionary upbringing.

Aung San Suu Kyi and Michael Aris. *Eight Women around the World*,
www.mtholyoke.edu/~carve22r/classweb/eightwomen/siteimages/aung-ariss.jpg. Accessed 3 Apr. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi and Michael Aris on the Early Life page to show what a large role he played in her later life.

Aung San Suu Kyi at the Age of 6. 1951. Nobel Prize,
www.nobelprize.org/nobel_prizes/peace/laureates/1991/kyi_1951_slideshow.jpg. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this picture of Aung San Suu Kyi as a girl on the Early Life page, in order to emphasize what a tumultuous childhood she had and how it influence her later stand for democracy.

Aung San Suu Kyi Freedom. *Daily Mail*, 14 Nov. 2010,
i.dailymail.co.uk/i/pix/2010/11/13/article-1329375-0C0D359F000005DC-206_640x445.jpg. Accessed 5 Apr. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi being released from house arrest on the Arrests page, to demonstrate how many supporters she had.

Aung San Suu Kyi greeting supporters outside her home. *The National*, 2 Feb. 2015, 8888 Protests in Rangoon. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image on my Return to Burma page to foreshadow Aung San Suu Kyi’s long period of detention for speaking out against the regime.

Aung San Suu Kyi in Front of a Portrait of Her Father. The New Yorker, 24 Jan. 2011,
www.newyorker.com/wp-content/uploads/2011/01/110124_r20436_g2048-1200.jpg. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this image of Suu Kyi in front of her father on the Arrests page to show how she took a similar stand to him in favor of democracy.

Aung San Suu Kyi: Liberty. *Voices Compassion Education*,
voiceseducation.org/sites/default/files/images/peopledemandreleaseaungsansuukyixrg41vksun8l.jpg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image on the Arrests page to demonstrate how many supporters Aung San Suu Kyi amassed while in detention, and her abiding impact in Myanmar.

Aung San Suu Kyi, Michael Aris and their first son Alexander in 1973. *Aung San Suu Kyi: Woman in Politics*,
img.over-blog-kiwi.com/0/81/90/77/201311/ob_5b76308e65f23706e80c2516c9b4a620_suu-burma-2080889c-jpg.jpeg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I utilized this image of Aung San Suu Kyi with her husband and son on my Early Life page, to show how she moved on her tumultuous childhood, creating a stable family.

“Aung San Suu Kyi Nobel Prize.” *Nobel Prize*,
www.nobelprize.org/nobel_prizes/peace/laureates/1991/kyi_nobelleecture_01_slideshow.jpg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image on my Arrests page to demonstrate the international support Aung San Suu Kyi received.

Aung San Suu Kyi Peacock. Reuters,
s1.reutersmedia.net/resources/r/?m=02&d=20120325&t=2&i=586648643&w=&fh=545px&fw=&ll=&pl=&sq=&r=CBRE82O07UU00. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this image on the Historical Significance page to show how Suu Kyi has created long lasting change.

“Aung San Suu Kyi Sakharov.” *All My Neighbors*,
allmyneighbors.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/10/Aung-San-Suu-Kyi-Sakharov-Prize.jpg. Accessed 8 Feb. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi accepting the Sakharov Prize on my Arrests page to demonstrate the enormous international support she had.

“Aung San Suu Kyi: 75% of Seats Will ‘Probably’ Be Won by NLD - BBC News.” *Youtube*,
uploaded by BBC, 10 Nov. 2015, www.youtube.com/watch?v=ekS5C3LDu_Y. Accessed 5 Apr. 2017. I used this interview with Aung San Suu Kyi on the Legacy page to demonstrate how quickly she has transformed the Burmese government.

Aung San Suu Kyi Speaking. *The Indian Express*, 10 Sept. 2015,
images.indianexpress.com/2015/09/suu-kyi.jpg. Accessed 8 Feb. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi after the 2015 elections on my Legacy page to demonstrate her huge impacts on the electoral system of Myanmar.

Aung San Suu Kyi Speaking. RFA,
www.rfa.org/english/news/myanmar/aung-san-suu-kyi-begins-myanmar-peace-conference-on-hopeful-note-08312016160018.html/myanmar-aung-san-suu-kyi-panglong-conference-aug31-2016.gif. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this picture of Aung San Suu Kyi speaking on the Taking a Stand page to demonstrate her commitment to democracy.

Aung San Suu Kyi Supporters. *New York Times*, static01.nyt.com/images/misc/pixel.gif. Accessed 5 Apr. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi's supporters on the Arrests page to demonstrate how her release impacted many of them.

Aung San Suu Kyi with Military. *Taipei Times*, 19 Aug. 2016, www.taipeitimes.com/images/2016/08/19/thumbs/P06-160819-318.jpg. Accessed 5 Apr. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi walking past the military on the Legacy page to show how she has gained control from them, creating a democratic society.

Badges of Aung San Suu Kyi. *DNA India*, 9 Mar. 2016, static.dnaindia.com/sites/default/files/2016/03/09/435376-aung-san-suu-kyi-badges-afp.jpg. Accessed 8 Feb. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi badges on my Home page to display how much support she has in Myanmar.

Burma. *University of Oxford*, www.ox.ac.uk/sites/files/oxford/styles/ow_large_feature/public/field/field_image_main/Burma-and-Oxford.jpg?itok=oN7m9tmo. I used this photograph of the Burmese landscape on the Context page to give the reader a general impression of what Burma looks like, since it is unfamiliar to many people.

Burma Military Junta. *BBC*, 30 Mar. 2016, ichef.bbci.co.uk/news/624/media/images/74915000/jpg/_74915687_myanmarparade270307afp.jpg. Accessed 3 Apr. 2017. I used this image of the Military Junta on the Descent into Dictatorship page to demonstrate how dangerous it was for Burmese citizens to speak out.

"Burma's Failed Uprising." *Youtube*, uploaded by Lots of News, 13 May 2009, www.youtube.com/watch?v=CP6exOa07OM. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this video of the 8888 Uprisings on the 8888 Uprisings page to demonstrate how much turmoil it caused and how Aung San Suu Kyi was able to create a democratic movement.

Burma VJ. Directed by Anders Østergaard, 2008. *Vimeo*, vimeo.com/33160416. Accessed 4 Apr. 2017. I used this movie about the Saffron Revolution on the Arrests page to demonstrate how Aung San Suu Kyi's message was adopted by many people in Burma.

Burmese Independence. 16 Jan. 1948. *Expat Singapore*, expat.sg/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/Sao_Shwe_Thaik_and_Hubert_Elvin_Rance.jpg. Accessed 3 Apr. 2017. I used this image of the Burmese finally becoming independent on my Descent into Dictatorship page, to show how hopeful people were that change would come.

Burmese Military Leader. *Aljazeera*, 27 Jan. 2011, www.aljazeera.com/mritems/Images/2010/12/10/201012106266313621_20.jpg. Accessed 3 Apr. 2017. I used this image of a Burmese general saluting soldiers on the

Descent into Dictatorship page, to demonstrate the longevity of the military regime and the impact that it had on the Burmese.

Burmese Propaganda. *The New Mandela*, 7 May 2012, www.newmandala.org/wp-content/uploads/2012/05/Only-when-the-Tatmadaw.jpg. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this image of Burmese propaganda on the Descent into Dictatorship page to show how the military established total control of Burma, creating a suppressive environment to prevent dissent.

Burmese Troops in World War II. *End of Asia*, www.endofempire.asia/wp-content/uploads/2016/02/prelude29.jpg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image of Burmese men fighting for the British on my British Colonialism page, both to demonstrate the enormous oppression that they faced and show how they would do anything to achieve freedom.

8888 Monks. 1988. *Irrawaddy*, Aug. 2013, www.irrawaddy.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/08/58.jpg. Accessed 4 Apr. 2017. I used this image of monks standing hand to hand in protest on the 8888 Uprising page, in order to show how wide-reaching these protests were in the population.

8888 Protesters. 1988. *NPR*, 8 Aug. 2013, media.npr.org/assets/img/2013/08/08/1988-gp-back-to-barrack-b-w-photo-file_slide-961d3948a33c51a01977f60215a3110b7d003a22-s900-c85.jpg. Accessed 4 Apr. 2017. I used this image of protesters waving signs during the 8888 Uprising on the 8888 Uprising page to demonstrate how bold they were in attacking the regime.

8888 Uprising. *DW*, 8 Aug. 2013, www.dw.com/image/16982489_303.jpg. Accessed 2 Apr. 2017. I used this image of protesters holding up the numbers 8888 on my 8888 Uprising page in order to demonstrate what a large impact that it had on the later movement for democracy.

8888 Uprising. 1988. *Irrawaddy*, Aug. 2013, www.irrawaddy.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/08/38.jpg. Accessed 3 Apr. 2017. I used this image of the protests against Ne Win's regime on the 8888 Uprising page to demonstrate the enormous turmoil that was sweeping across Burma.

8888 Uprising Casualties. *Washington Post*, 8 Aug. 2013, netipr.org/four8/19881003_nwpic03.jpg. Accessed 2 Apr. 2017. I used this image of the tragic outcome of the 8888 Uprising on the 8888 Uprising page, in order to show that nothing really changed in Myanmar, despite Ne Win stepping down.

8888 Uprising March. 1988. *Irrawaddy*, Aug. 2012, www.irrawaddy.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/08/1.8.jpg. Accessed 4 Apr. 2017. I used this image of protesters marching in the 8888 Uprising on the 8888 Uprising page, to

demonstrate both the enormous turmoil and the suppressive role that the military had in the period after the uprisings.

Ethnic Groups of Myanmar. Oriental Review, 13 Oct. 2016, orientalreview.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/10/myanmar-ethnic-map.png. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this map of the ethnic makeup of Myanmar on the British Colonialism page to demonstrate the enormous ethnic diversity that made up Burma. This disunity led to many problems for Aung San Suu Kyi.

“General Ne Win.” *Oxford Burma Alliance*, Oxford University, www.oxfordburmaalliance.org/uploads/9/1/8/4/9184764/2744602.jpg?256. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image of General Ne Win on my Historical Context page to show the oppression under his rule, as well as his initial lust as a leader.

Hooper, Willoughby Wallace. Arrival of British Forces in Mandalay. *Wikimedia Commons*, upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/en/4/45/British_forces_arrival_mandalay1885.jpg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image of the British military arriving in Burma on my Historical Context page to show that the British colonizers heavily oppressed the Burmese people.

Jackson, J. Recorder’s Court, Sule Pagoda Road, Rangoon, Burma. *Wikimedia Commons*, upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/en/7/7b/Recorders_court_rangoon1868.jpg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image of Rangoon on my British Colonialism page to display how much life changed under British rule for the Burmese.

Mackay, James. Burmese Poverty. *Enigma Images*, cdn.c.photoshelter.com/img-get2/I0000RE8q.h6yoFo/fit=1000x750/borderJul09neg007-003.jpg. Accessed 8 Feb. 2017. I used this image of poverty in Burma on my Descent into Dictatorship page to demonstrate how poor Burma was under the ruler Ne Win.

---. *The People’s Desire. Enigma Photography*, cdn.c.photoshelter.com/img-get2/I00000RDghJdxtMQ/fit=1000x750/burma07neg022-002.jpg. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this image of a propaganda billboard in Burma on the Descent into Dictatorship page to demonstrate how suppressive the society was.

Map of Burma. *Maps Land*, [www.mapsland.com/maps/asia/burma/large-detailed-administrative-divisions-map-of-burma-\(myanmar\)-2007-preview.jpg](http://www.mapsland.com/maps/asia/burma/large-detailed-administrative-divisions-map-of-burma-(myanmar)-2007-preview.jpg). Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this map of Myanmar on my British Colonialism page to better establish the setting for much of Aung San Suu Kyi’s life

McCurry, Steve. *Aung San Suu Kyi and the Flag*. 1996. *Phaidon*, www.phaidon.com/resource/aungsancover.jpg. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi with the NLD flag on the Return to Burma page to demonstrate how quickly she rose to prominence.

Michael Aris and Aung San Suu Kyi on Their Wedding Day. Independent, 20 June 2012, static.independent.co.uk/s3fs-public/thumbnails/image/2012/06/19/23/pg-2-suu-kyi-comment.jpg. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi and Michael Aris on the Early Life page to hint at the enormous sacrifice that Suu Kyi made to help her country.

Ms. Aung San Suu Kyi Addressing Protesters. 1991. New York Times, 17 Nov. 2015, static01.nyt.com/images/2015/11/17/world/18lady03/18lady03-master675.jpg. Accessed 4 Apr. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi speaking to protesters in 1991 on the 8888 Uprising page to demonstrate her rapid political ascent in Burma.

Myanmar Election. *CNN*, i.cdn.turner.com/cnn/2010/WORLD/asiapcf/03/10/myanmar.election.law/t1larg.poster.afp.gi.jpg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi behind barbed wire on my Arrests page to demonstrate how oppressed she was.

“Myanmar Elections NLD.” *Indian Express*, images.indianexpress.com/2015/10/myanmar-elections-nld-759.jpg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image on my Legacy page to show what Myanmar is like today.

Myanmar Military. *Asian Affairs*, www.aseanaffairs.com/files/1772737/uploaded/Myanmar%20military%20top%20brass%20-%20Hints%20of%20power%20struggle.jpg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image of Myanmar’s military government on my Descent into Dictatorship page, in order to convey how much power they had in Ne Win’s government.

“Ne Win.” *The Famous People*, www.thefamouspeople.com/profiles/images/ne-win-1.jpg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image of Ne Win on my Descent into Dictatorship page, to demonstrate Ne Win’s dominant control of the government and his subsequent suppression of free speech in Burma.

“Ne Win, U.” *Britannica*, 13 May 15, media1.britannica.com/eb-media/17/178817-004-1D0B29DC.jpg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image of Ne Win on my Descent into Dictatorship page, to show that though his government maintained a facade of order, it in fact had little regard for human rights.

NLD Supporters Waving Flags. *Times of India*, 1 Nov. 2015, timesofindia.indiatimes.com/photo/49621290.cms. Accessed 5 Apr. 2017. I used this image of NLD members waving flags in the aftermath of the 2015 elections on the Research and Endnotes pages to demonstrate Aung San Suu Kyi’s biggest legacy: mobilizing the Burmese in support of democracy.

Outcast: Adrift with Burma's Rohingya. Aljazeera, 2014. I used this documentary about the Rohingya and the persecution that they face in Myanmar to show how Aung San Suu Kyi still has a long way to go before her vision of human rights comes true for Burmese society.

“Pagan.” *Canadian Friends of Burma*, www.cfob.org/images/photos/20.jpg. Accessed 8 Feb. 2017. I used this image of pagodas in Burma on my British Colonialism page to display how important religion was for many Burmese people.

Protesters on a Bus. 1988. *NPR*, 8 Aug. 2013, media.npr.org/assets/img/2013/08/08/08-1988-gp-b-w-photo-file_slide-6d8c6563fd676a61e422e9dc0be4c258adb40a89-s900-c85.jpg. Accessed 4 Apr. 2017. I used this image of protesters riding a bus on the 8888 Uprising page, to demonstrate the sheer scale of the uprising, and how it allowed Aung San Suu Kyi to come to power.

Rohingya. *BBC*, ichef-1.bbci.co.uk/news/624/cpsprodpb/8ADD/production/_90894553_52346c3a-ea4b-40d5-968d-b219d0b3494b.jpg. I used this image on the Legacy page to show that Aung San Suu Kyi still has a ways to go before being a true democratic hero.

“Rohingyan Migrants.” *Reuters*, 21 Mar. 2016, www.google.com/url?sa=i&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=images&cd=&cad=rja&uact=8&ved=0ahUKEwiqrcCxjofSAhVH64MKHceOATYQjRwIBw&url=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.reuters.com%2Farticle%2Fus-myanmar-rights-usa-idUSKCN0WN26B&bvm=bv.146786187,d.amc&psig=AFQjCNH0AdzcrwIqBMQrHSxbweBll8tEBg&ust=1486869798339056. Accessed 10 Feb. 2017. I used this image of Rohingya on my Legacy page, to display the terrible conditions they face in concentration camps.

“Rohingya on Boat.” *Huffington Post*, i.huffpost.com/gen/2950992/thumbs/o-CHRISTOPHE-ROHINGYA-900.jpg?2. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this image on the Legacy page to display Aung San Suu Kyi’s failures in not recognizing the Rohingya.

Saffron Revolution. The Buddhist Channel, www.buddhistchannel.tv/picture/upload/myan-monks-squat.jpg. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this image of monks participating in the Saffron Revolution on the Arrests page to demonstrate how Aung San Suu Kyi mobilized the population in support of democracy.

Saffron Revolution March. Amnesty International USA Group 4 of Seattle, 25 Sept. 2011, amnestyseattle.org/wp-content/uploads/2011/09/SaffronMarch.jpg. Accessed 5 Apr. 2017. I used this image of monks marching during the Saffron Revolution on the Arrests page, to demonstrate how Aung San Suu Kyi’s message of nonviolence permeated the Burmese people.

“Still Shot from the Lady.” *Waging Non-Violence*,
wagingnonviolence.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/04/the-lady_2011-3-1194x760_scroller-615x391.jpg. Accessed 13 Jan. 2017. I used this source on the Arrests page to convey the enormous danger that Aung San Suu Kyi faced.

Suu Kyi Receiving the Congressional Gold Medal. *CNN*, 23 October 2013,
i2.cdn.cnn.com/cnnnext/dam/assets/120919114854-suu-kyi-01-horizontal-large-gallery.jpg. Accessed 5 Apr. 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi with various US Senators after her release on the Arrests page, to demonstrate the enormous amount of international support she received during imprisonment.

Suu With a Classmate. 1977. *Oxford Today*, Oxford University, 15 Oct. 2012,
www.oxfordtoday.ox.ac.uk/sites/files/oxford/styles/ot_full_width/public/media_wysiwyg/view-4_2.jpg?itok=1X9DtoBq. Accessed 16 May 2017. I used this image of Aung San Suu Kyi with a fellow Oxford student on the Early Life page to show how much of an impact her education had on her later stand for democracy.

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